

# More Precision

optoNCDT // Laser displacement sensors (triangulation)



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# optoNCDT: Highest Precision in Laser Displacement Measurements

optoNCDT laser sensors set milestones for industrial laser displacement measurement. They stand out due to their size, measuring rate, functionality and, in particular, to their high precision. The current optoNCDT range now offers numerous sensor models, each of which is among the best in its class.



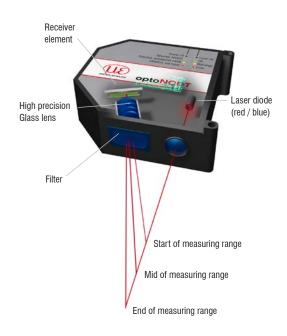
#### General information

4 - 5	Technology		
6 - 7	Special features		
8 - 9	Applications		

Compact	tsensors	Measuring range	Resolution / Repeatability	Linearity	Measuring rate	Type of reflection	Measuring object
10 - 11	optoNCDT 1220	10 - 50 mm	1 µm *	0.10 %	up to 1 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
12 - 13	optoNCDT 1320	10 - 100 mm	1 µm *	0.10 %	up to 2 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
14 - 15	optoNCDT 1420	10 - 500 mm	0.5 µm *	from 0.08 %	up to 4 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
16 - 17	optoNCDT 1420 CL1	10 - 200 mm	0.5 <i>µ</i> m *	from 0.08 %	up to 4 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
la du atui a							
18 - 19	l sensors optoNCDT 1750	2 - 750 mm	0.1 <i>µ</i> m *	from 0.06 %	up to 7.5 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
10 10		2 700 mm	0.1 µ11	110111 0.00 /0	up to 7.5 KHZ	ulluse	an common targets
Sensor fo	or precision automatio	n					
20 - 21	optoNCDT 1900	2 - 500 mm	0.1 <i>µ</i> m	from 0.02 %	up to 10 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
High per	formance sensors						
22 - 23	optoNCDT 2300	2 - 300 mm	0.03 µm	from 0.02 %	up to 49.14 kHz	diffuse / direct	all common targets
	00100012000	2 000 mm	0.00 µm	101110.02 /0	up to 43.14 Mil2		
Sensors	with oval light spot (la	ser line) for met	allic surfaces				
24 - 25	optoNCDT 1750LL	2 - 50 mm	0.1 <i>µ</i> m *	from 0.06 %	up to 7.5 kHz	diffuse	Metals
26 - 27	optoNCDT 1900LL	2 - 25 mm	0.1 <i>µ</i> m	from 0.02 %	up to 10 kHz	diffuse	Metals
28 - 29	optoNCDT 2300LL	2 - 50 mm	0.03 <i>µ</i> m	from 0.02 %	up to 49.14 kHz	diffuse	Metals
Blue Las	er sensors						
30 - 31	optoNCDT 1710BL	50 / 1000 mm	7.5 µm	from 0.08 %	up to 2.5 kHz	diffuse	rad bat alouing (
32 - 33	optoNCDT 1750BL	20 - 750 mm	0.8 <i>µ</i> m *	from 0.06 %	up to 7.5 kHz	diffuse	red-hot glowing / organic
34 - 35	optoNCDT 2300BL	2 - 50 mm	0.03 <i>µ</i> m	from 0.02 %	up to 49.14 kHz	diffuse / direct	transparent
Laser se	nsors for reflecting me	easuring objects	3				
36 - 37	optoNCDT 1750-DR	2 - 20 mm	0.1 <i>µ</i> m	0.08 %	up to 7.5 kHz	direct	reflecting
38 - 39	optoNCDT 2300-2DR	2 mm	.03 μm	0.03 %	up to 49.14 kHz	direct	reflecting
			1				0
Long-ran	ige laser sensors with	large offset dist	ance and large	measuring r	ange		
40 - 41	optoNCDT 1710	50 / 1000 mm	from 7.5 μm	0.1 %	up to 2.5 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
42 - 43	optoNCDT 2310	10 - 50 mm	0.5 μm	0.03 %	up to 49.14 kHz	diffuse	all common targets
	-						
Accesso	ries						
44 - 45	Cables and protective	housings					

## 46 - 47 Interface modules

\*corresponds to repeatability



# optoNCDT – Precise Measurements for Industry & Automation

The optoNCDT sensors are designed for measurement tasks in factory automation, machines and systems. Despite their very compact dimensions, these robust laser sensors have a fully integrated controller. As a result, simple installation and wiring is possible in confined installation spaces or on a robot. Their high performance enables the sensors to provide precise measurement results at a high measuring rate.

#### Measuring principle of laser triangulation

The sensor operates with a laser diode, which projects a visible light spot onto the measurement target. The light reflected from the spot is imaged by an optical receiving system onto a position-sensitive element. If the light spot changes its position, this change is imaged on the receiving element and evaluated.

# Multiple Measuring Ranges for Versatile Measurement Tasks

optoNCDT laser triangulation sensors measure from a large distance to the target using a very small light spot. The large measurement distance enables non-contact measurements to be taken against difficult surfaces such as hot metals. More than 85 standard models with measuring ranges from 2 mm to 1000 mm cater for a large number of applications across many different industries.

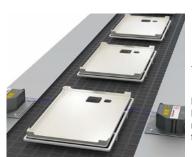


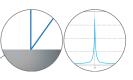
# Innovative Blue Laser Sensors

The optoNCDT Blue Laser (BL) models use a blue-violet laser beam which does not penetrate the measuring object due to its shorter wavelength. The light spot is projected sharply to enable stable and precise measurement results. The Blue Laser Technology is preferably used with red-hot glowing metals, organic and transparent objects.

#### Patented Blue Laser Technology

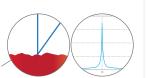
Measurement tasks involving Blue Laser sensors on red-hot glowing objects exceeding 700 °C and transparent objects such as plastics, adhesives and glass are patented by Micro-Epsilon. On these surfaces, the optoNCDT Blue Laser models achieve excellent signal stability and high precision measurement results.





Position inspection of plastic parts: Blue laser light does not penetrate the material and is sharply projected onto the sensor element.





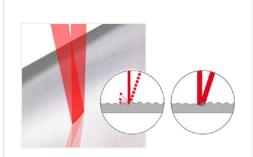
Positioning a welding head in automated welding units: no influence by red radiation

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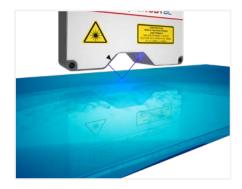


# Laser Line Sensors for Reliable Measurements on Metallic Surfaces

The optoNCDT laser line (LL) sensors use an oval light spot which resembles a short laser line. The oval light spot and special software algorithms filter out disturbances caused by surface roughness, defects, indentations or tiny holes on metallic surfaces. This is how optoNCDT LL sensors achieve the highest precision with measurement tasks involving metals.



Rough and structured surfaces cause interferences within the laser point (left) which leads to a faulty projection on the sensor element. This effect becomes particularly obvious with metallic surfaces. The oval light spot of the optoNCDT LL sensors compensates for this effect (right) and enables stable measurements on metallic surfaces.



optoNCDT 2300-2DR sensors use direct reflection and are used for distance measurements of glass with anti-reflective coatings.

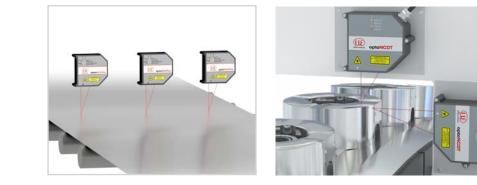


# Precise Distance Measurements on Reflecting Surfaces

Conventional laser triangulation sensors are designed for diffuse reflecting surfaces. Reflecting surfaces such as reflecting plastics, mirror glass or polished metals require a sensor alignment where the angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection. Micro-Epsilon offers sensors with special alignment (DR) for directly reflecting surfaces which ensure high accuracy and signal stability.

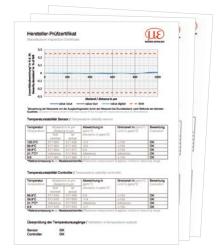


Some measurement tasks require a large measuring range or a large distance from the object to be measured. Long-range laser sensors from Micro-Epsilon combine large measuring ranges and large offset distances in order to enable high accuracy measurements from a safe distance.



# Synchronizable Sensors for Multi-Track and Thickness Measurements

Using several laser sensors to measure a track or thickness requires synchronization. Synchronizing the sensors enables simultaneous measurement acquisition and ensures that the measurement values of the sensors are recorded at the same time. Due to their synchronization feature, optoNCDT sensors are suited to multi-track measurements and thickness measurements in different industries.



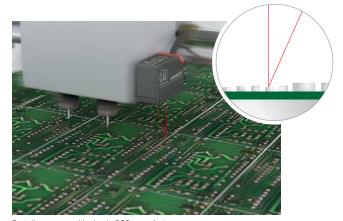
# Certified Quality: Calibration Protocol

To document the performance capability of the optoNCDT sensors, each sensor is calibrated before delivery and supplied with its own calibration protocol. This document is supplied with the sensor and is used as proof of the achieved measurement precision.



The ILD laser sensor can be operated using an intuitive web interface. The sensor is connected to a PC. This web interface enables the user to make settings for the processing of measured values and signals, e.g., peak selection, filter and masking features for the video signal.





# **Ultra-Small Light Spot Detects Smallest Details**

Focusing the laser beam via a special lens arrangement in the sensor generates a small light spot on the target surface. This small light spot is required for a high spatial resolution and ensures that even the smallest of objects and details can be detected. The smaller the measuring range, the smaller the light spot. With laser sensors from Micro-Epsilon, the smallest measurement spot is 8.5 x 11  $\mu$ m.

Fast dispenser positioning in PCB manufacture

# Ideal for Fast Control & Positioning

High measuring rates are required for fast moving targets or measurements on difficult surfaces. Sensors of the 2300 series achieve a measuring rate up to 49 kHz with concurrent real-time surface compensation.

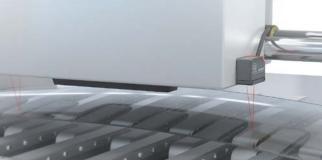


Fast position monitoring at the assembly robot



With their robust and compact design, these sensors are also suitable

for measurements in traversing systems and robots.



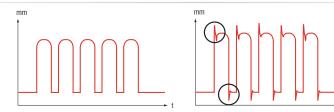
Print head positioning and focal point control in industrial printers

# **High Precision with Changing Surfaces**

optoNCDT sensors are equipped with intelligent control features which ensure high signal stability with bright/dark transition.

ASC: Active Surface Compensation (ASC) ensures stable control regardless of color & brightness

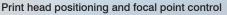
RTSC: The real-time surface compensation feature (RTSC) measures the amount of reflection from the target surface during continuous exposure and in real-time. The sensor thus optimally adjusts the exposure time or light quantity for the exposure cycle currently performed.



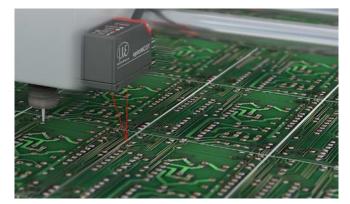
Comparison: optoNCDT sensor surface compensation (left) and conventional sensor providing faulty measurements with changing reflections (right)



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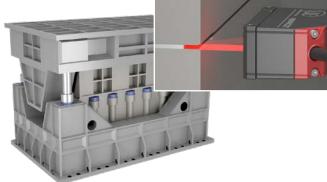
With printing processes, the exact height of the print head is a crucial factor for the quality of the final product. High-speed distance measurement against different material surfaces and reliable edge detection enable fast readjustments to be made to the process. *Sensor: optoNCDT 1420* 



#### High-resolution fine positioning when printing PCBs

With printing, soldering and assembly processes of printed circuit boards, the exact height positioning of the print head is crucial for a flawless process. optoNCDT laser sensors enable precise positioning of the print head. Regardless of surface reflections, these sensors provide precise measurement results which are used to adjust the height and to detect the edges.

Sensor: optoNCDT 1420



#### Monitoring the metal sheet infeed during pressing

During forming in the pressing plant, presence detection as well as the detection of the exact sheet position are required. Therefore, laser triangulation sensors measure on the sheet between the dies. The challenge here is to provide high measurement accuracies in confined installation spaces despite oil mist, vibrations and shocks. Since the measuring gap is very small, the diameter of the laser must be correspondingly small.

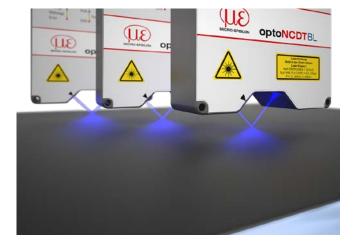
Sensor: optoNCDT 1420



#### Positioning gauge heads in measuring machines

optoNCDT laser triangulation sensors are used to position sensor heads quickly. Thanks to their advanced sensor technology, the laser sensors enable fast and accurate positioning of the sensor head. Sensor: optoNCDT

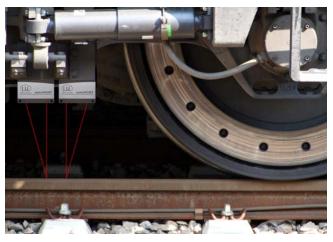




#### Distance measurement on anti-reflective coated glass

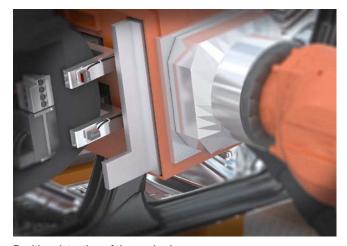
Anti-reflective coated glass is inspected during the coating process using laser-optical displacement sensors from Micro-Epsilon in order to determine undulations and torsion. The planarity of the coated glass surface is measured in several tracks. Based on the patented Blue Laser Technology, optoNCDT 2300-2DR sensors provide high measurement accuracies on coated glass surfaces.

Sensor: optoNCDT 2300-2DR



#### Measuring the wear of high-speed railway lines

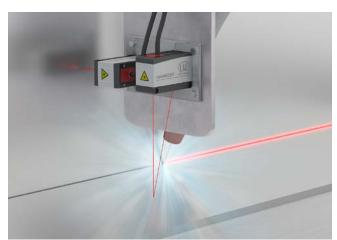
For the inspection of high-speed railway lines, special measurement wagons are used. They are equipped with optoNCDT 1900LL laser displacement sensors, which detect the distance to the track at a high measuring rate. Their small laser line compensates for irregularities in order to generate smoothed measurement value curves. This is particularly suitable for determining the longitudinal trend. These robust sensors are hardly affected by fluctuating reflections and ambient light. Sensor: optoNCDT 1900LL



#### Position detection of the car body

For automated processing of car bodies, an exact determination of the position relative to the processing tool is necessary (drilling, punching, fitting, subassemblies). For high precision distance measurement onto metallic surfaces, laser triangulation sensors are used.

Sensor: optoNCDT 1420



Distance control with fully automatic laser welding

In fully automatic welding units, welding head positioning is crucial for the quality of the welded joint. In order to position the welding head at the correct distance, optoNCDT 1900 laser sensors are used. These measure the distance from the steel plates with high accuracy and dynamics. As they offer the highest insensitivity to ambient light in their class, the laser sensors are ideal for the distance control of welding heads.

Sensor: optoNCDT 1900

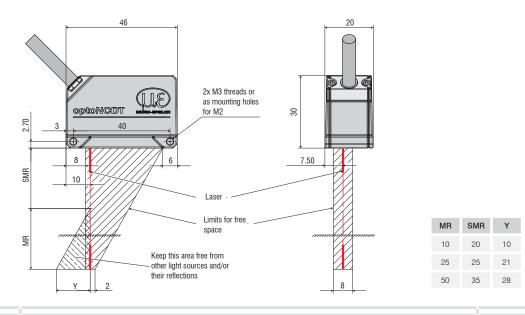
## optoNCDT 1220

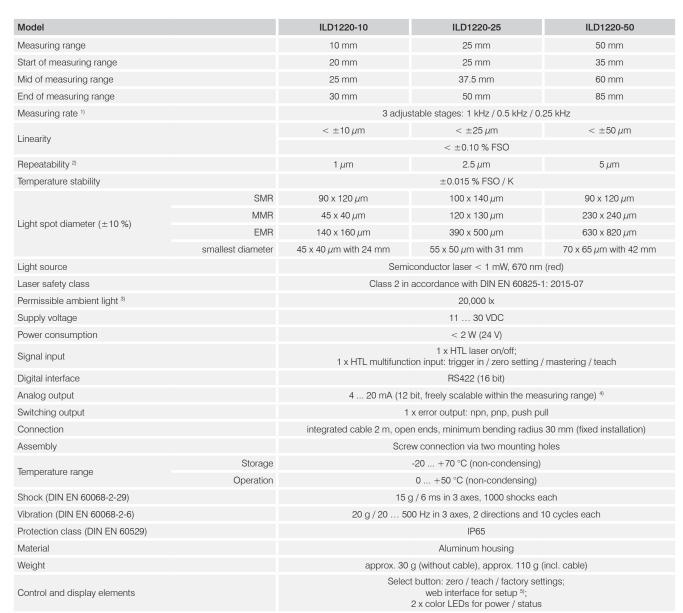


The optoNCDT 1220 is a new laser triangulation sensor with a compact design for precise displacement, distance and position measurements. This laser sensor is available with measuring ranges from 10 to 50 mm and offers both high measurement accuracy and an adjustable measuring rate up to 1 kHz. As well as an analog output, an RS422 interface is available which enables output of the distance values at full measuring rate.

Due to its extremely compact size with integrated controller, the sensor can also be installed in restricted spaces. Its low weight makes this laser sensor ideally suited to applications where high accelerations occur, e.g., on the robot gripper or in industrial printers. The Active Surface Compensation (ASC) provides stable distance signal control regardless of target color or brightness. Commissioning is quick and easy via function keys or the web interface.

The optoNCDT 1220 offers a unique combination of design, versatility and measurement accuracy. Due to its excellent price/performance ratio, the sensor is ideal for automation tasks and OEM integration with a large number of pieces.





FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Factory setting 1 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)

2) Measuring rate 1 kHz, median 9

<sup>3)</sup> Illuminant: light bulb

<sup>4)</sup> D/A conversion is performed at 12 bit

<sup>5)</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

## optoNCDT 1320



The optoNCDT 1320 is a very compact laser triangulation sensor intended for entry-level precision measurement tasks. This series is used to measure displacement, distance and position. The controller is integrated in the housing which considerably simplifies the installation procedure.

Since the sensor is extremely compact, it can also be integrated into restricted installation spaces. Due to its low weight, the optoNCDT 1320 is ideally suited to applications with high accelerations, e.g., on the robot arm or in pick-and-place machines. The optoNCDT 1320 offers high measurement accuracy and adjustable measuring rates up to 2 kHz. The Active Surface Compensation (ASC) provides stable distance signal control regardless of target color or brightness. Very small objects can be detected reliably due to the small and sharply projected measurement spot size.

#### Unique ease of use

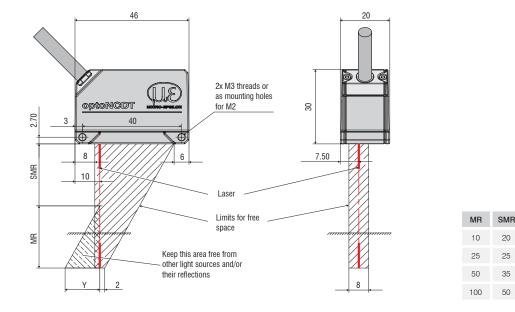
The optoNCDT 1320 models enable quick sensor commissioning using the multifunction sensor button. If required, further sensor settings can be made via the web interface. With the "Standard", "Changing surfaces" and "Material with penetration" settings included in the web interface, precise measurement results are easily achieved without any complex optimization. The quality slider enables the sensor to be adapted to static and dynamic processes.

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Model		ILD1320-10	ILD1320-25	ILD1320-50	ILD1320-100				
Measuring range		10 mm	10 mm 25 mm 50 mm 100 mm						
Start of measuring range		20 mm	25 mm	35 mm	50 mm				
Mid of measuring range		25 mm	37.5 mm	60 mm	100 mm				
End of measuring range		30 mm	50 mm	85 mm	150 mm				
Measuring rate 1)		4 adjustable stages: 2 kHz / 1 kHz / 0.5 kHz / 0.25 kHz							
Lippority		$<\pm10\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm50\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm100\mu{ m m}$					
Linearity		< ±0.10 % FSO							
Repeatability 2)		1 <i>µ</i> m	2.5 μm	5 <i>µ</i> m	10 <i>µ</i> m				
Temperature stability			±0.015 % FSO / K		±0.01 % FSO / K				
	SMR	90 x 120 μm	100 x 140 μm	90 x 120 μm					
Light spot diameter	MMR	45 x 40 μm	120 x 130 µm	230 x 240 μm	750 x 1100 μm				
(±10 %)	EMR	140 x 160 μm	390 x 500 μm	630 x 820 μm					
	smallest diameter	45 x 40 $\mu$ m with 24 mm	55 x 50 $\mu m$ with 31 mm	70 x 65 $\mu m$ with 42 mm	-				
Light source		Semiconductor laser < 1 mW, 670 nm (red)							
Laser safety class		Class 2 in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07							
Permissible ambient light <sup>3)</sup>		30,000 lx 20,000 lx							
Supply voltage		11 30 VDC							
Power consumption			< 2 W	(24 V)					
Signal input		1 x HTL		iser on/off; in / zero setting / mastering	/ teach				
Digital interface			RS422 (16 bit) / PROF	FINET <sup>4)</sup> / EtherNet/IP <sup>4)</sup>					
Analog output		4	20 mA (12 bit, freely scalab	le within the measuring rang	Je) <sup>5)</sup>				
Switching output			1 x error output: n	pn, pnp, push pull					
Connection		integrated cab	ole 3 m, open ends, minimur	n bending radius 30 mm (fix	ed installation)				
Assembly			Screw connection via	a two mounting holes					
Temperatura ranga	Storage		-20 +70 °C (r	non-condensing)					
Temperature range	Operation		0 +50 °C (no	on-condensing)					
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)			15 g / 6 ms in 3 axe	s, 1000 shocks each					
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		20 g / 20 500 Hz in 3 axes, 2 directions and 10 cycles each							
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65							
Material		Aluminum housing							
Weight			approx. 30 g (without cable	), approx. 145 g (incl. cable)					
Control and display elements			Web interface for setup	each, factory setting; with defined presets <sup>6)</sup> ; or power / status					
500 5 80 4 0 4 4									

FSO = Full Scale Output

 FSO = Full Scale Output

 SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

 The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

 <sup>10</sup> Factory setting 1 kHz; modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)

 <sup>20</sup> Measuring rate 1 kHz, median 9

 <sup>30</sup> Illuminant: light bulb

 <sup>40</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)

 <sup>50</sup> The D/A conversion is executed at 12 bits

 <sup>60</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (optionally available)

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## optoNCDT 1420



The optoNCDT 1420 offers a unique combination of speed, size, performance and application versatility in the class of compact triangulation sensors. The sensor with integrated controller is used in restricted installation spaces or dynamic applications. The selectable connector type, i.e. cable or pigtail, together with compact size minimize sensor installation effort.

The Auto Surface Compensation (ASC) provides stable distance signal control. The high-performance optical system projects the small light spot sharply onto the measuring object which enables detection of even the smallest components and every little detail reliably.

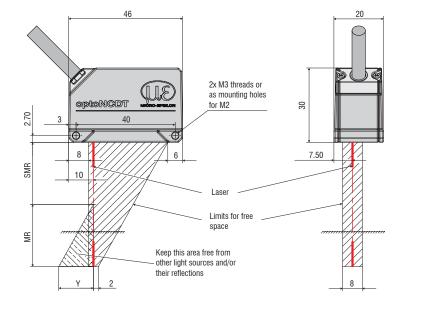
#### Highest precision in a minimum of space

Compact size combined with low weight opens up new fields of application. Analog and digital output signals enable the sensor to be integrated into plant and machine control systems. The triangulation sensor achieves a high measurement accuracy with measuring rates of up to 4 kHz.

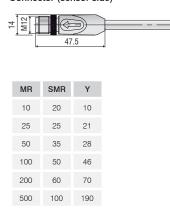
#### Unique ease of use, individual results

All optoNCDT 1420 models are operated using an extended web interface. The settings for the measurement task can be quickly selected using predefined presets. The quality slider enables the sensor to be adapted to static and dynamic processes. Up to eight user-specific sensor settings can be stored and exported in the setup management. The video signal display, the signal peak selection and a freely adjustable signal averaging enable optimization of the measurement task.

The ROI function (region of interest) allows, e.g., for interfering signals in the background to be filtered out. The remaining signal peak is optimally corrected.



Connector (sensor side)



Model		ILD1420-10	ILD1420-25	ILD1420-50	ILD1420-100	ILD1420-200	ILD1420-500
Measuring range		10 mm	25 mm	50 mm	100 mm	200 mm	500 mm
Start of measuring range	1	20 mm	25 mm	35 mm	50 mm	60 mm	100 mm
Mid of measuring range		25 mm	37.5 mm	60 mm	100 mm	160 mm	350 mm
End of measuring range		30 mm	50 mm	85 mm	150 mm	260 mm	600 mm
Measuring rate 1)		5 adjustable stages: 4 kHz / 2 kHz / 1 kHz / 0.5 kHz / 0.25 kHz					
I to a solution		$<\pm8\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm20\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm40\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm$ 80 $\mu$ m	$<\pm160\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm500\mu{ m m}$
Linearity				$<$ $\pm$ 0.08 % FSO			$<\pm0.1$ % FSO
Repeatability 2)		0.5 µm	1 <i>µ</i> m	2 <i>µ</i> m	4 µm	8 <i>µ</i> m	20 40 µm
Temperature stability			±0.015 % FSO / K			±0.01 % FSO / K	
	SMR	90 x 120 μm	100 x 140 µm	90 x 120 µm			
Light an at diamator	MMR	45 x 40 μm	120 x 130 µm	230 x 240 μm	750 x 1100 μm	750 x 1100 μm	750 x 1100 μm
Light spot diameter (±10 %)	EMR	140 x 160 µm	390 x 500 µm	630 x 820 μm			
	smallest diameter	45 x 40 μm with 24 mm	55 x 50 μm with 31 mm	70 x 65 μm with 42 mm	-	-	-
Light source			S	Semiconductor laser	< 1 mW, 670 nm (rec	)	
Laser safety class			Class	2 in accordance with	DIN EN 60825-1: 20	15-07	
Permissible ambient light	t <sup>3)</sup>	50,000 lx 30,000 lx 10,000				xl OC	
Supply voltage				11 3	80 VDC		
Power consumption				< 2 W	(24 V)		
Signal input			1 x HTL multife	1 x HTL la: unction input: trigger		stering / teach	
Digital interface			F	RS422 (16 bit) / PROF	INET 4) / EtherNet/IP	4)	
Analog output		4 20	mA / 1 5 V with PC	CF1420-3/U cable (12	bit, freely scalable w	ithin the measuring r	ange) 5)
Switching output				1 x error output: n	pn, pnp, push pull		
Connection		or inte	integrated cable 3 r egrated pigtail 0.3 m v	m, open ends, min. b with 12-pin M12 plug			cable)
Assembly				Screw connection via	a two mounting holes		
Tomporaturo rango	Storage			-20 +70 °C (n	on-condensing)		
Temperature range	Operation			0 +50 °C (no	on-condensing)		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-	29)			15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes	s, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-	-2-6) 20 g / 20 500 Hz in 3 axes, 2 directions and 10 cycles each						
Protection class (DIN EN 60529) IP65							
Material		Aluminum housing					
Weight			appro	ox. 60 g (incl. pigtail),	approx. 145 g (incl. d	cable)	
Control and display elements Select buttor web interface for setup <sup>®</sup> ; sel freely selectable averagi						on, video signal,	

FSO = Full Scale Output
 FSO = Full Scale Output
 SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to a white, diffuse reflecting surface (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)
 <sup>1)</sup> Factory setting 2 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)
 <sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate 2 kHz, median 9
 <sup>3)</sup> Illuminant: light bulb
 <sup>4)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)
 <sup>9</sup> D/A conversion is executed with 12 bit
 <sup>9</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

# 16 Smart triangulation displacement sensors - laser class 1

# optoNCDT 1420 CL1



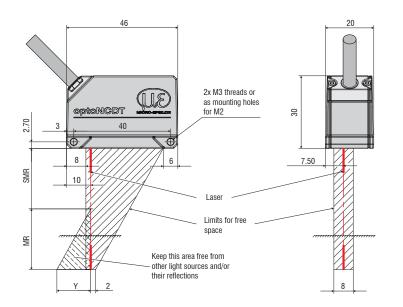
optoNCDT CL1 laser sensors are used in measurement tasks which require laser class 1. With this laser class, the radiated power is at max. 390  $\mu$ W, which is significantly lower than laser class 2.

## Use in automotive production

Particularly in the field of automotive production, increased demands are being placed on manufacturers to take adequate safety precautions in their production plants, including the use of laser class 1 sensors if people are working in close proximity to laser sensors. For example, this is the case when handling equipment for the installation of interior parts is used and where laser sensors precisely align these parts.

# Use in pharmaceutical and medical technology

In medical engineering, laser sensors are often used to determine distances to very sensitive surfaces. Here, optoNCDT 1420 CL1 sensors are used which expend only about one third of the energy of a laser class 2 sensor due to their reduced laser power of max.  $390 \ \mu$ W. This also enables measurements of sensitive materials such as substrates without causing any chemical or thermal reaction.



#### Connector (sensor side)



MR	SMR	Y
10	20	10
25	25	21
50	35	28
50	35	28

					on re	quest				
Model		ILD1420-10CL1	ILD1420-25CL1	ILD1420-50CL1	ILD1420-100CL1	ILD1420-200CL1				
Measuring range		10 mm	25 mm	50 mm	100 mm	200 mm				
Start of measuring range		20 mm	25 mm	35 mm	50 mm	60 mm				
Mid of measuring range		25 mm	37.5 mm	60 mm	100 mm	160 mm				
End of measuring range		30 mm	50 mm	85 mm	150 mm	260 mm				
Measuring rate 1)		5 adjustable stages: 4 kHz / 2 kHz / 1 kHz / 0.5 kHz / 0.25 kHz								
Linearity		$<\pm8\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm20\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm40\mu{ m m}$	-	-				
Lineanty		< ± 0.08 % FSO								
Repeatability 2)		0.5 <i>µ</i> m	1 <i>µ</i> m	2 <i>µ</i> m	-	-				
Temperature stability			±0.015 % FSO / K		-	-				
	SMR	90 x 120 µm	100 x 140 µm	90 x 120 μm						
Light spot diameter	MMR	45 x 40 μm	120 x 130 µm	230 x 240 µm	-	-				
(±10 %)	EMR	140 x 160 μm	390 x 500 µm	630 x 820 μm						
	smallest diameter	45 x 40 μm with 24 mm	55 x 50 μm with 31 mm	70 x 65 μm with 42 mm	-	-				
Light source		Semiconductor laser < 0.39 mW, 670 nm (red)								
Laser safety class		Class 1 in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07								
Permissible ambient light <sup>3)</sup>		15,000 lx								
Supply voltage				11 30 VDC						
Power consumption				< 2 W (24 V)						
Signal input			1 x HTL multifunction in	1 x HTL laser on/off; put: trigger in / zero sett	ting / mastering / teach					
Digital interface			RS422 (16	bit) / PROFINET 4) / Eth	erNet/IP 4)					
Analog output		4 20 mA / 1	1 5 V with PCF1420-3,	/U cable (12 bit, freely se	calable within the measu	uring range) 5)				
Switching output			1 x err	or output: npn, pnp, pus	sh pull					
Connection			grated cable 3 m, open e d pigtail 0.3 m with 12-pi							
Assembly			Screw co	nnection via two mounti	ing holes					
Tomporatura ranga	Storage		-20 .	+70 °C (non-condens	sing)					
Temperature range	Operation		0	. +50 °C (non-condensi	ng)					
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)			15 g / 6	ms in 3 axes, 1000 shoc	ks each					
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)			20 g / 20 500 Hz	in 3 axes, 2 directions a	and 10 cycles each					
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)				IP65						
Material				Aluminum housing						
Weight			approx. 60 g (i	ncl. pigtail), approx. 145	g (incl. cable)					
Control and display elements		V	veb interface for setup <sup>6</sup> : freely selectable ave	tton: zero, teach, factor selectable presets, pea raging, data reduction, s olor LEDs for power / st	ak selection, video signa setup management;	I,				

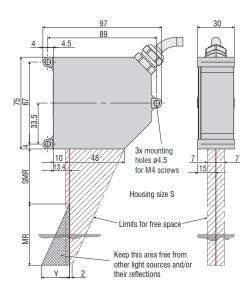
FSO = Full Scale Output
 SMR = Start of measuring rang, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range
 The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)
 <sup>1</sup> Factory setting 2 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)
 <sup>2</sup> Measuring rate 2 kHz, median 9
 <sup>3</sup> Illuminant: light bulb
 <sup>4</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)
 <sup>9</sup> The D/A conversion is executed at 12 bits
 <sup>9</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

optoNCDT 1750

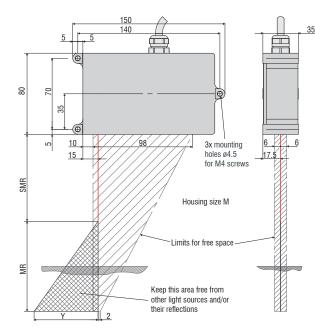


The optoNCDT 1750 is a powerful laser triangulation sensor which is used in high speed, precise measurements in industrial applications. Innovative evaluation algorithms and enhanced components provide highest accuracy and dynamics. The highperformance optical system generates a small light spot onto the target which enables the detection of even the smallest of components reliably. Due to their extremely compact size, the sensors can also be integrated into restricted installation spaces. The optoNCDT 1750 laser sensor stands out due to its real-time surface compensation feature. The real-time surface compensation feature (RTSC) determines the amount of reflection from the target surface during continuous exposure and in real-time. The exposure time or the amount of light produced by the laser is optimally matched to the reflection characteristics of the target surface. This enables extremely reliable measurements even on reflecting surfaces. Different output signals enable the sensor to be integrated into plant and machine control systems. As well as analog voltage and current outputs, a digital RS422 interface provides distance information from the sensor. All optoNCDT 1750 models are operated using an intuitive web interface. Due to the selectable setting and evaluation possibilities, the optoNCDT 1750 meets the requirements for use in industrial applications with high dynamics.

#### optoNCDT 1750 (2/10/20/50/100/200 mm)



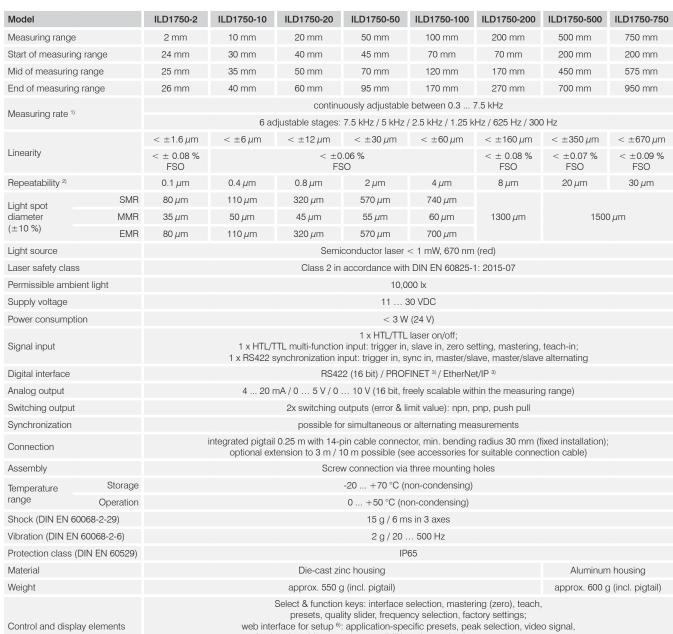
#### optoNCDT 1750 (500/750 mm)



#### SMR MR 2 24 2 10 30 7 20 40 12 50 45 25 100 70 35 200 70 70 500 200 180 750 200 270







freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management; 2 x color LEDs for power / status

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Factory setting 5 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)

<sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate 5 kHz, median 9

3) Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

4) Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

## optoNCDT 1900



#### Next-generation laser sensors

The optoNCDT 1900 is the latest laser sensor model from Micro-Epsilon. This innovative sensor is used for dynamic displacement, distance and position measurements offering a unique combination of high speed, compact design and accuracy. The integrated highperformance controller enables fast and highly precise processing and output of measurement values.

The innovative optoNCDT 1900 laser triangulation sensor is used whenever maximum precision is combined with the latest technology, e.g., in sophisticated automation, automotive production, 3D printing and coordinate measuring machines.

#### Simple installation and initial operation

Mounting the sensor using fitting sleeves automatically aligns the sensor in the correct position. This enables both easy sensor replacement and increased measurement accuracy.

# Highest stability based on intelligent signal optimization

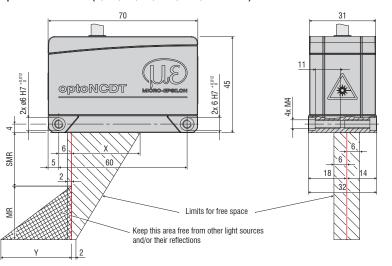
For the first time, a two-step measurement value averaging feature is available to optimize the signal. This enables a smooth signal at edges and steps. Especially for high speed measurements of moving parts, measurement averaging enables a precise signal course.

#### Advanced Surface Compensation The intelligent exposure control for demanding surfaces

The optoNCDT 1900 is equipped with an intelligent surface control feature. New algorithms generate stable measurement results even on demanding surfaces where changing reflections occur.

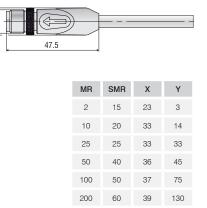
Furthermore, these new algorithms compensate for ambient light up to 50,000 lux. Therefore, this is the sensor with the highest resistance to ambient light in its class which can even be used in strongly illuminated environments.

#### optoNCDT 1900 (2/10/25/50/100/200/500 mm)



#### Connector (sensor side)

M12



500

100

43 215

Model		ILD1900-2	ILD1900-10	ILD1900-25	ILD1900-50	ILD1900-100	ILD1900-200	ILD1900-500				
Measuring range		2 mm	10 mm	25 mm	50 mm	100 mm	200 mm	500 mm				
Start of measuring	range	15 mm	20 mm	25 mm	40 mm	50 mm	60 mm	100 mm				
Mid of measuring	range	16 mm	25 mm	37.5 mm	65 mm	100 mm	160 mm	350 mm				
End of measuring	range	17 mm	30 mm	50 mm	90 mm	150 mm	260 mm	600 mm				
		continuously adjustable between 0.25 10 kHz										
Measuring rate 1)			7 adjustable stages: 10 kHz / 8 kHz / 4 kHz / 2 kHz / 1.0 kHz / 500 Hz / 250 Hz									
		$< \pm 1 \mu m$	$<\pm2\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm5\mu m$	$<\pm10\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm$ 30 $\mu$ m	$<\pm100\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm400\mu{ m m}$				
Linearity 2)		$<\pm0.05$ % FSO		< ±0.02 % FSO	$<\pm0.02$ % FSO		$<\pm0.05$ % FSO	< ±0.08 % FSO				
Repeatability 3)		< 0.1 µm	$<$ 0.4 $\mu m$	< 0.8 µm	< 1.6 µm	$< 4 \mu m$	< 8 <i>µ</i> m	< 20 40 µm				
Temperature stabi	lity 4)				±0.005 % FSO / k	<						
	SMR	60 x 75 μm	115 x 150 µm	200 x 265 μm	220 x 300 $\mu m$	310 x 460 μm						
Light spot	MMR	55 x 65 µm	60 x 65 µm	70 x 75 μm	95 x 110 μm	140 x 170 μm	950 x 1200 μm	950 x 1200 μm				
diameter	EMR	65 x 75 μm	120 x 140 µm	220 x 260 μm	260 x 300 μm	380 x 410 µm						
(±10 %) <sup>5)</sup> smallest diameter		55 x 65 μm with 16 mm	60 x 65 μm with 25 mm	65 x 70 μm with 35 mm	85 x 90 μm with 55 mm	120 x 125 μm with 75 mm	-	-				
Light source				Semiconduc	tor laser $< 1$ mW,	670 nm (red)						
Laser safety class				Class 2 in accord	ance with DIN EN	60825-1: 2015-07						
Permissible ambie	Permissible ambient light 50.000 lx 30.000 lx 10.0				10.0	00 lx						
Supply voltage		11 30 VDC										
Power consumption	on				< 3 W (24 V)							
Signal input				1 x nulti-function input: nronization input: trig		zero setting, mast						
Digital interface				RS422 (18 b	it) / PROFINET 6) /	EtherNet/IP 6)						
Analog output			4 20 mA / 0	0 5 V / 0 10 V	(16 bit, freely scal	able within the mea	asuring range)					
Switching output			2×	switching outputs	(error & limit value	): npn, pnp, push p	pull					
Synchronization				possible for simult	aneous or alternat	ing measurements						
Connection		opi	0	able 3 m, open end or integrated p o 3 m / 6 m / 9 m / 1	igtail 0.3 m with 17	7-pin M12 plug;		es)				
Temperature	Storage	00			+70 °C (non-cond			,				
range	Operation			0 +	50 °C (non-conde	ensing)						
Shock (DIN EN 60	068-2-27)			1	5 g / 6 ms in 3 axe	es						
Vibration (DIN EN	60068-2-6)			2	20 g / 20 500 H	Z						
Protection class (E	DIN EN 60529)				IP67							
Material					Aluminum housing	9						
Weight				approx. 185 g (inc	cl. pigtail), approx.	300 g (incl. cable)						
Control and displa	ay elements	fact	ory settings; web	rface selections, mainterface for setup <sup>7</sup> possibilities, data	): application-spec	cific presets, peak s	election, video sig	nal,				
freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management; 2 x color LEDs for power / statu												

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to a white, diffuse reflecting surface (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors) <sup>1)</sup> Factory setting: measuring rate 4 kHz, median 9; modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)

<sup>2)</sup> Relates to digital output

<sup>3)</sup> Typical value with measurements at 4 kHz and median 9

<sup>4)</sup> Relates to digital output in mid of measuring range

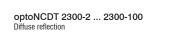
<sup>6</sup> Light spot diameter determined using a point-shaped laser with Gaussian fit (full 1/e<sup>2</sup> width); for ILD1900-2: determined using the emulated 90/10 knife-edge method
 <sup>6</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)
 <sup>7</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

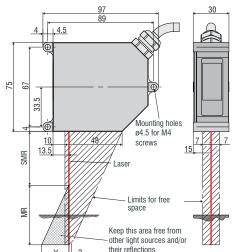
## optoNCDT 2300



The optoNCDT 2300 is the high performance version of Micro-Epsilon laser triangulation sensors and offers an adjustable measuring rate of up to 49.14 kHz. The entire electronics is integrated in a compact sensor housing which is a worldwide unique feature of this sensor class. The high precision laser sensor is particularly suitable for high speed appli-

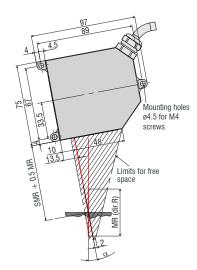
cations such as the monitoring of vibrations or measurements on challenging surfaces. It is used on diffuse reflecting surfaces and for directly reflecting surfaces when equipped with the special alignment feature. The new A-RTSC (Advanced Real Time Surface Compensation) feature is a development based on the proven RTSC technology and, with its improved dynamic range, enables more precise real time surface compensation during the measurement process. The optoNCDT 2300 laser sensors can be operated via a web interface which offers multiple possibilities in order to process measured values and signals, e.g., peak selection, filter and masking of the video signal.

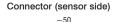




MR	SMR	Y
2	24	1.5
5	24	3.5
10	30	6.5
20	40	10.0
50	45	23.0
100	70	33.5

#### optoNCDT 2300-2 ... 2300-20 Direct reflection

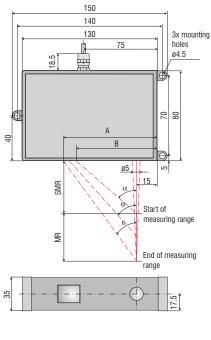




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MR	SMR + 0.5 MR	α
2	25	20.5 °
5	26.5	20 °
10	35	17.5 °
20	50	13.8 °

#### optoNCDT 2300-200 / 2300-300



MR	α	φ	3	А	В
200	25.1 °	16.7 °	13.1 °	91.6	76
300	18.3 °	12.2 °	9.6 °	99.4	81

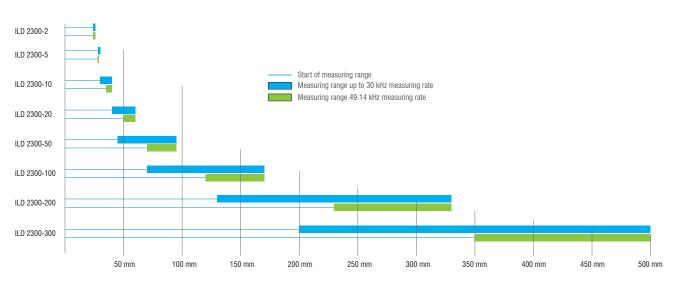
Model		ILD2300-2	ILD2300-5	ILD2300-10	ILD2300-20	ILD2300-50	ILD2300-100	ILD2300-200	ILD2300-300
Measuring range	1)	2 (2) mm	5 (2) mm	10 (5) mm	20 (10) mm	50 (25) mm	100 (50) mm	200 (100) mm	300 (150) mm
Start of measuring	g range 1)	24 (24) mm	24 (24) mm	30 (35) mm	40 (50) mm	45 (70) mm	70 (120) mm	130 (230) mm	200 (350) mm
Mid of measuring	range 1)	25 (25) mm	26.5 (25) mm	35 (37.5) mm	50 (55) mm	70 (82.5) mm	120 (145) mm	230 (280) mm	350 (425) mm
End of measuring	I range 1)	26 (26) mm	29 (26) mm	40 (40) mm	60 (60) mm	95 (95) mm	170 (170) mm	330 (330) mm	500 (500) mm
Measuring rate			7 adjusta	ble stages: 49.1	4 kHz <sup>2)</sup> / 30 kHz	/ 20 kHz / 10 kHz	z / 5 kHz / 2.5 kH	z / 1.5 kHz	
Linearity		$<\pm0.6\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm1.5\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm 2\mu m$	$<\pm4\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm10\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm20\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm$ 60 $\mu$ m	$<\pm$ 90 $\mu$ m
Linearity		$< \pm 0.0$	3 % FSO		$< \pm 0.02$	2 % FSO		$< \pm 0.03$	3 % FSO
Resolution <sup>3)</sup>		0.03 µm	0.08 µm	0.15 <i>µ</i> m	0.3 µm	0.8 µm	1.5 <i>µ</i> m	3 <i>µ</i> m	4.5 µm
Light spot	SMR	55 x 85 µm	70 x 80 µm	75 x 85 µm	140 x 200 µm	255 x 350 μm	350 µm		580 x 860 µm
diameter	MMR	23 x 23 µm	30 x 30 µm	32 x 45 µm	46 x 45 µm	70 x 70 $\mu m$	130 µm	1300 <i>µ</i> m	380 x 380 µm
(±10 %)	EMR	35 x 85 µm	70 x 80 µm	110 x 160 µm	140 x 200 $\mu m$	255 x 350 μm	350 µm		470 x 530 μm
Light source				Sem	niconductor laser	< 1 mW, 670 nn	n (red)		
Laser safety class	3		Cla	ass 2 in accorda	nce with DIN EN	60825-1 : 2015-0	07 / optional class	s 3R	
Permissible ambi	ent light				10,000	.40,000 lx			
Supply voltage					11	30 VDC			
Power consumpti	on				< 3 V	V (24 V)			
Signal input					Laser on/off, s	ync in, trigger in			
Digital interface				RS422 (16 bit)	/ Ethernet / Ether	CAT / PROFINET	<sup>4)</sup> / EtherNet/IP <sup>4</sup>	)	
Analog output 4)				4 2	0 mA / 0 5 V /	0 10 V / ±5 V	/ ±10 V		
Synchronization				possible f	or simultaneous	or alternating me	asurements		
Connection			0 10		-pin cable conne m / 9 m possible	,		. ,	);
Assembly				Scre	ew connection via	a three mounting	holes		
Temperature	Storage				-20 +70 °C (	non-condensing)	)		
range	Operation				0 +50 °C (n	on-condensing)			
Shock (DIN EN 60	0068-2-29)				15 g / 6 n	ns in 3 axes			
Vibration (DIN EN	60068-2-6)				2 g / 20	500 Hz			
Protection class (	DIN EN 60529)				IF	P65			
Material				Die-cast z	inc housing			Aluminun	n housing
Weight					approx. 550	g (incl. pigtail)			
Control and displ	ay elements	Web interfa	ace for setup: us		measurement se or LEDs for Statu			t control, parame	eters, extras;

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Value in brackets is valid for a measuring rate of 49.14 kHz

<sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate of 49.14 kHz with reduced measuring range (in brackets)
 <sup>3)</sup> Measuring rate of 20 kHz
 <sup>4)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)



24

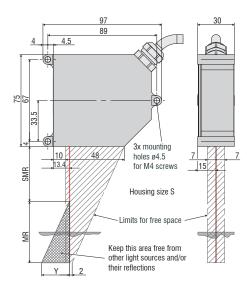
# optoNCDT 1750LL

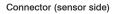


The optoNCDT 1750LL sensors operate with an oval light spot which resembles a short "laser line". The oval light spot and special software algorithms filter out disturbances while significantly simplifying measurements on metallic surfaces. Due to its extremely compact size, the sensor can easily be integrated into restricted installation spaces.

The optoNCDT 1750 laser sensor stands out due to its real-time surface compensation feature. The real-time surface compensation feature (RTSC) determines the amount of reflection from the target surface during continuous exposure and in real-time.

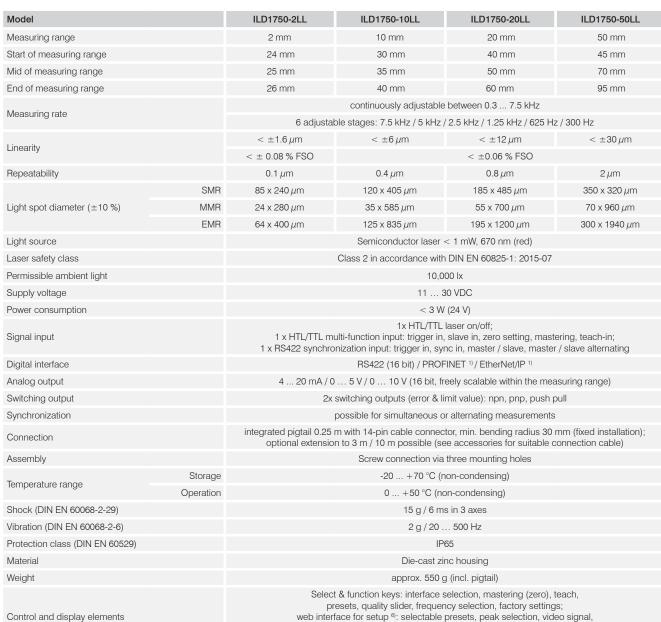
All optoNCDT 1750 models are operated using an intuitive web interface. Due to the selectable setting and evaluation possibilities, the optoNCDT 1750 meets the requirements for use in industrial applications with high dynamics.





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•	~	-5	0	_,	

MR	SMR	Y
2	24	2
10	30	7
20	40	12
50	45	25



freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management 2 x color LEDs for power / status

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

1) Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

2) Connection to PC via IE2001/USB (see accessories)

# Laser displacement sensor for shiny metallic and structured surfaces

### optoNCDT 1900LL



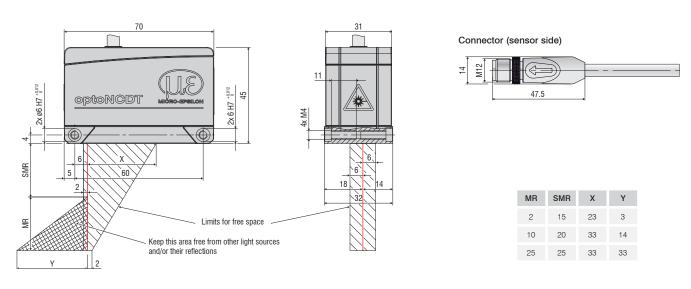
# Laser sensors with oval-shaped light spot (laser line)

The optoNCDT 1900LL is the latest Micro-Epsilon laser sensor. This innovative sensor projects an oval-shaped light spot which resembles a short laser line (LL). The laser sensor impresses with precise distance measurements on shiny metallic and structured surfaces, as well as materials where the laser beam penetrates. The integrated high performance controller enables fast and highly precise processing and output of measurement values. The innovative optoNCDT 1900LL laser triangulation sensor is used wherever high precision and reliability are required, e.g., in challenging automation tasks, automotive production, 3D printing and in measuring machines.

#### Advanced Surface Compensation The intelligent exposure control for demanding surfaces

The optoNCDT 1900LL is equipped with an intelligent surface control feature. New algorithms generate stable measurement results even on demanding surfaces where changing reflections occur. In addition, the sensor has the highest resistance to ambient light in its class and can be used in strongly illuminated environments up to 50,000 lux.

## optoNCDT 1900LL (10/25 mm)



26



Model		ILD1900-2LL	ILD1900-10LL	ILD1900-25LL	
Measuring range		2 mm 10 mm 25 mm			
Start of measuring range		15 mm 20 mm 25 mm			
Mid of measuring range		16 mm 25 mm 37.5 mm			
End of measuring range		17 mm	30 mm	50 mm	
Manager (1)		cont	nuously adjustable between 0.25 10	) kHz	
Measuring rate 1)		7 adjustable stages	: 10 kHz / 8 kHz / 4 kHz / 2 kHz / 1.0 kl	Hz / 500 Hz / 250 Hz	
Line with (2)		$< \pm 1 \mu m$	$<\pm 2\mu m$	$<\pm5\mu{ m m}$	
Linearity <sup>2)</sup>		< ±0.05 % FSO	< ±0.02 % FSO	< ±0.02 % FSO	
Repeatability 3)		< 0.1 <i>µ</i> m	< 0.4 <i>µ</i> m	< 0.8 µm	
Temperature stability 4)			±0.005 % FSO / K		
	SMR	55 x 480 μm	125 x 730 μm	210 x 950 μm	
Light spot diameter	MMR	40 x 460 µm	55 x 690 µm	80 x 970 μm	
(±10 %) <sup>5)</sup>	EMR	55 x 440 μm	125 x 660 μm	220 x 1000 μm	
	smallest diameter	40 x 460 µm with 16 mm	55 x 690 $\mu m$ with 25 mm	80 x 970 $\mu m$ with 37.5 mm	
Light source		Semiconductor laser < 1 mW, 670 nm (red)			
Laser safety class		Class 2	in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1:	2015-07	
Permissible ambient light		50,000 lx			
Supply voltage			11 30 VDC		
Power consumption		< 3 W (24 V)			
Signal input		1 x HTL/TTL laser on/off; 1 x HTL/TTL multi-function input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1 x RS422 synchronization input: trigger in, sync in, master/slave, master/slave alternating			
Digital interface		RS	422 (18 bit) / PROFINET 6) / EtherNet/I	P <sup>6)</sup>	
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 5 V /	0 10 V (16 bit, freely scalable within	the measuring range)	
Switching output		2x switchin	g outputs (error & limit value): npn, pn	p, push pull	
Synchronization		possible	for simultaneous or alternating measu	urements	
Connection		integrated cable 3 m, open ends, min. bending radius 30 mm (fixed installation); or integrated pigtail 0.3 m with 17-pin M12 plug; optional extension to 3 m / 6 m / 9 m / 15 m possible (suitable connection cable see Accessories)			
Temperature renge	Storage	-20 +70 °C (non-condensing)			
Temperature range	Operation		0 +50 °C (non-condensing)		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-2	27)	15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-	2-6)	20 g / 20 500 Hz			
Protection class (DIN EN	60529)	IP67			
Material		Aluminum housing			
Weight		approx. 185 g (incl. pigtail), approx. 300 g (incl. cable)			
Control and display elements		Select & function keys: interface selections, mastering (zero), teach, presets, quality slider, frequency selection, factory settings; web interface for setup <sup>7</sup> : application-specific presets, peak selection, video signal, freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management; 2 x color LEDs for power / status			

FSO = Full Scale Output SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to a white, diffuse reflecting surface (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors) <sup>10</sup> Factory setting: measuring rate 4 kHz, median 9; modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)

<sup>10</sup> Factory setting: measuring rate 4 kHz, median 9; modifying the factory setting requires the in 2001/000 of <sup>20</sup> Relates to digital output
<sup>30</sup> Typical value with measurements at 4 kHz and median 9
<sup>40</sup> Relates to digital output in mid of measuring range
<sup>50</sup> Light spot diameter with line-shaped laser determined based on the emulated 90/10 knife-edge method
<sup>60</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)
<sup>70</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

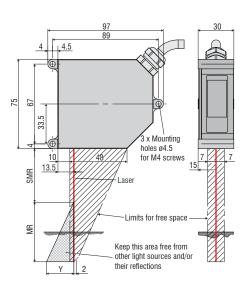
Highly dynamic laser displacement sensors with oval light spot for metallic surfaces

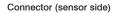
# optoNCDT 2300LL

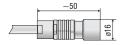


The optoNCDT 2300LL sensors operate with an oval light spot which resembles a short "laser line". The oval light spot and special software algorithms filter out disturbances while significantly simplifying measurements on metallic surfaces. Due to its extremely compact size, the sensor can easily be integrated into restricted installation spaces.

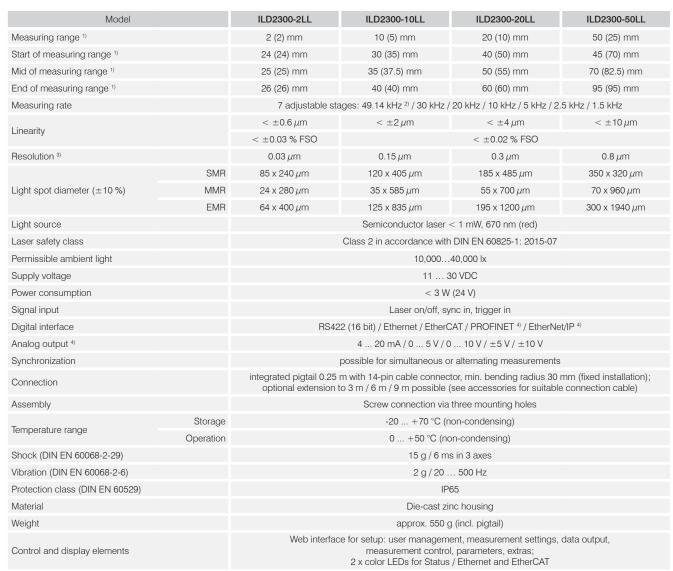
The A-RTSC (Advanced Real Time Surface Compensation), with its improved dynamic range, enables a more precise real time surface compensation during the measurement process. The optoNCDT 2300 laser sensors can be operated via a web interface which offers multiple possibilities in order to process measured values and signals, e.g., peak selection, filter and masking of the video signal.







MR	SMR	Y
2	24	1.5
10	30	6.5
20	40	10.0
50	45	23.0



FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Value in brackets is valid for a measuring rate of 49.14 kHz

<sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate of 49.14 kHz with reduced measuring range (in brackets)

<sup>3)</sup> Measuring rate of 20 kHz

<sup>4)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)

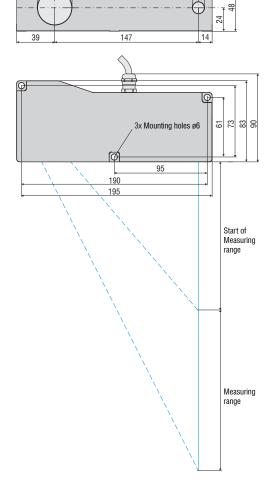
# optoNCDT 1710BL



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The optoNCDT 1710BL sensors are equipped with the patented Blue Laser Technology and used for measurement tasks where large measuring ranges or distances from the measuring object are required. These large distances enable measurements on hot objects and red-hot glowing steel and silicon.

These sensors are equipped with high performance lenses, new intelligent laser control and innovative evaluation algorithms. This is how they achieve high accuracy and signal stability.



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Connector (sensor side)





Model		ILD1710-50BL ILD1710-1000BL		
Measuring range		50 mm 1000 mm		
Start of measuring range		550 mm 1000 mm		
Mid of measuring range		575 mm 1500 mm		
End of measuring range		600 mm	2000 mm	
Measuring rate		4 adjustable stages: 2.5 kHz	/ 1.25 kHz / 625 Hz / 312.5 Hz	
Linearth		$< \pm 50 \mu{ m m}$ $< \pm 1000 \mu{ m m}$		
Linearity		< ±0.1	% FSO	
Resolution 1)		7.5 µm	100 <i>µ</i> m	
	SMR			
Light spot diameter (±10 %)	MMR	400 x 500 $\mu { m m}$	2500 … 5000 μm	
	EMR			
Light source		Semiconductor laser <1	mW, 405 nm (blue violet)	
Laser safety class		Class 2 in accordance with	DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07	
Permissible ambient light		10,000 lx		
Supply voltage		11 3	30 VDC	
Max. current consumption		150 mA (24 V)		
Signal input		Zero, laser on/off		
Digital interface		RS422 (14 bit) / USB 2)		
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 10 V		
Switching output		1 x error / 2 x limit v	alues (configurable)	
Synchronization		possible for simultaneous or alternating measurements		
Connection		integrated pigtail 0.25 m with 14-pin ODU plug, min. bending radius 30 mm (see accessories for suitable connection cable)		
Assembly		Screw connection via three mounting holes		
Tomporaturo rongo	Storage	-20 +70 °C (non-condensing)		
Temperature range	Operation	0 +50 °C (no	on-condensing)	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)		15 g / 6 m	s in 3 axes	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65		
Material		Aluminum housing		
Weight		approx. 800 g (incl. pigtail)		
Control and display elements		Select & function keys: output type, measuring rate, type of averaging, averaging number, error analog, synchronization, operation mode, trigger mode, baud rate, data format; measurement chart via PC using the ILD1700 Tool; 5 x color LEDs for status display		

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors) <sup>1)</sup> Measuring rate of 2.5 kHz, without averaging <sup>2)</sup> USB optional via cable PC 1700-3/USB (see accessories)

### **Patented Blue Laser Technology**

Measurement tasks involving Blue Laser sensors on red-hot glowing objects exceeding 700 °C and transparent objects such as plastics, adhesives and glass are patented by Micro-Epsilon. On these surfaces, the optoNCDT Blue Laser models achieve excellent signal stability and high precision measurement results.

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# optoNCDT 1750BL

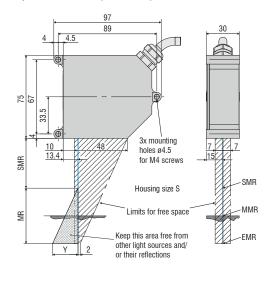


Blue Laser sensors in the optoNCDT 1750BL series are designed for high speed displacement, distance and position measurements. These sensors are equipped with innovative high performance lenses, laser control and evaluation algorithms to ensure precise measurements on different surfaces and materials. The patented Blue Laser Technology offers decisive advantages compared to red-diode laser sensors. Since the blue laser point does not penetrate the surface, the target is sharply imaged onto the sensor element. This makes it possible to achieve high resolution and reliable signal stability.

Connector (sensor side)

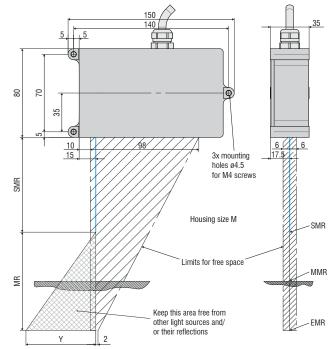


#### optoNCDT 1750BL (20/200 mm)



MR	SMR	Y
20	40	12
200	100	70
500	200	180
750	200	270

### optoNCDT 1750BL (500/750 mm)



(Dimensions in mm, not to scale)



Model		ILD1750-20BL	ILD1750-200BL	ILD1750-500BL	ILD1750-750BL	
Measuring range		20 mm	200 mm	500 mm	750 mm	
Start of measuring range		40 mm 100 mm 200 mm 200 mm				
Mid of measuring range		50 mm 200 mm 450 mm 575 mm				
End of measuring range		60 mm	300 mm	700 mm	950 mm	
Manager (1)		continuously adjustable between 0.3 7.5 kHz				
Measuring rate 1)		6 adju	stable stages: 7.5 kHz / 5 kHz /	2.5 kHz / 1.25 kHz / 625 Hz / 3	00 Hz	
Linearity		$< \pm 12 \mu m$	$<\pm160\mu{ m m}$	$<\pm$ 350 $\mu$ m	$<\pm670\mu{ m m}$	
Lineality		$<\pm 0.06$ % FSO	$<\pm$ 0.08 % FSO	< ±0.07 % FSO	$<\pm0.09$ % FSO	
Repeatability 2)		0.8 <i>µ</i> m	15 <i>µ</i> m	20 <i>µ</i> m	45 µm	
	SMR	320 µm				
Light spot diameter (±10 %)	MMR	45 µm	1300 <i>µ</i> m	1500 <i>µ</i> m	1500 <i>µ</i> m	
(=:::)	EMR	320 µm				
Light source			Semiconductor laser <1	mW, 405 nm (blue violet)		
Laser safety class			Class 2 in accordance with	DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07		
Permissible ambient light		10,000 lx				
Supply voltage		11 30 VDC				
Power consumption		< 3 W (24 V)				
Signal input		1x HTL/TTL laser on/off; 1x HTL/TTL multi-function input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1x RS422 synchronization input: trigger in, sync in, master-slave, master-slave alternating				
Digital interface		RS422 (16 bit) / PROFINET <sup>3</sup> / EtherNet/IP <sup>3</sup>				
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V (16 bit, freely scalable within the measuring range)				
Switching output		2x switching outputs (error & limit value): npn, pnp, push pull				
Synchronization		possible for simultaneous or alternating measurements				
Connection		integrated pigtail 0.25 m with 14-pin ODU plug; optional extension to 3 m / 10 m (see accessories for suitable connection cable)				
Assembly		Screw connection via three mounting holes				
Temperature range	Storage		-20	+70 °C		
lemperature range	Operation	0 +50 °C				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29	))	15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes				
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-	-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz				
Protection class (DIN EN 6	0529)	IP65				
Material		Die-cast zinc housing Aluminum housing			n housing	
Weight		approx. 550 g (incl. pigtail) approx. 600 g (incl. pigta			approx. 600 g (incl. pigtail)	
Control and display elemer	nts	Select & function keys: interface selections, mastering (zero), teach, presets, quality slider, frequency selection, factory settings; web interface for setup <sup>®</sup> : application-specific presets, peak selection, video signal, freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management; 2 x color LEDs for power / status				

FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors) <sup>10</sup> Factory setting 5 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories) <sup>20</sup> Measuring rate 5 kHz, median 9

<sup>3)</sup>Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

4) Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

## **Patented Blue Laser Technology**



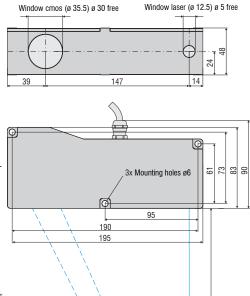
33

Measurement tasks involving Blue Laser sensors on red-hot glowing objects exceeding 700 °C and transparent objects such as plastics, adhesives and glass are patented by Micro-Epsilon. On these surfaces, the optoNCDT Blue Laser models achieve excellent signal stability and high precision measurement results.

optoNCDT 2300BL

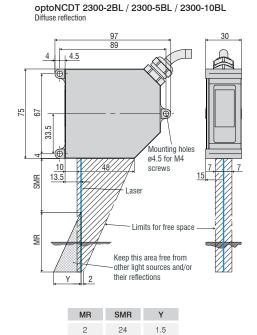


optoNCDT 2300BL Blue Laser sensors are designed for fast and high resolution measurements of displacement, distance and position. The optoNCDT 2300 is the high performance version of Micro-Epsilon laser triangulation sensors and offers an adjustable measuring rate of up to 49.14 kHz. The entire electronics is integrated in a compact sensor which is a worldwide unique feature in this sensor class. The Blue Laser Technology patented by Micro-Epsilon offers decisive advantages compared to red-diode laser sensors. Since the blue laser point does not penetrate the surface, the target is sharply imaged onto the sensor element. This makes it possible to achieve high resolution and reliable signal stability. optoNCDT 2310-50BL



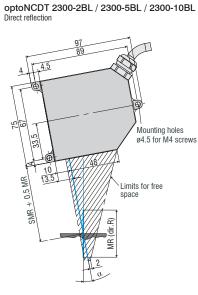
550

**MR 50** 

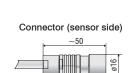


5 24 3.5

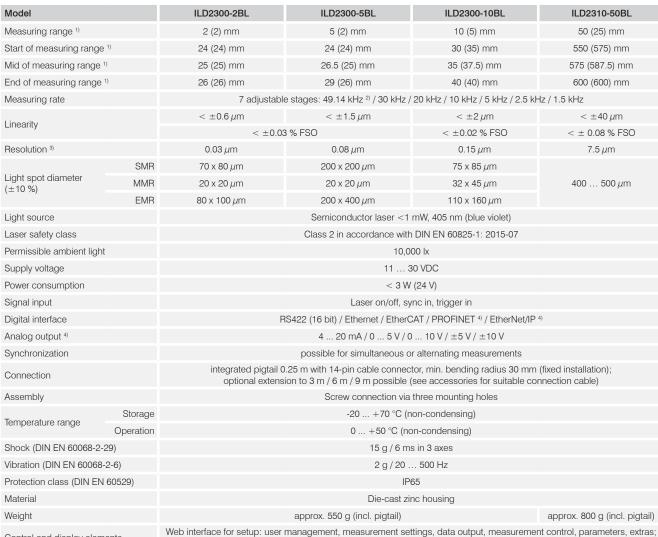
10 30 6.5



MR	SMR + 0.5 MR	α
2	25	20.5°
5	26.5	20°
10	35	17.5 °



(Dimensions in mm, not to scale.)



Control and display elements

FSO = Full Scale Output

 $\mathsf{SMR} = \mathsf{Start}$  of measuring range,  $\mathsf{MMR} = \mathsf{Mid}$  of measuring range,  $\mathsf{EMR} = \mathsf{End}$  of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Value in brackets is valid for a measuring rate of 49.14 kHz

<sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate of 49.14 kHz with reduced measuring range (in brackets)

3) Measuring rate of 20 kHz

<sup>4)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)

#### Patented Blue Laser Technology

2 x color LEDs for Status / Ethernet and EtherCAT

Measurement tasks involving Blue Laser sensors on red-hot glowing objects exceeding 700 °C and transparent objects such as plastics, adhesives and glass are patented by Micro-Epsilon. On these surfaces, the optoNCDT Blue Laser models achieve excellent signal stability and high precision measurement results.

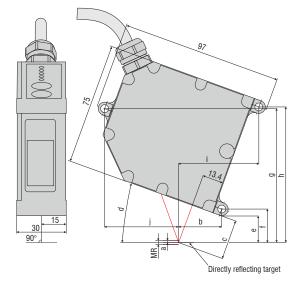
# 36 Universal laser displacement sensors for reflecting surfaces

# optoNCDT 1750DR



The optoNCDT 1750DR sensors are designed for measurements with strongly reflecting objects and are used for distance measurements with reflecting plastics, mirror glass or polished metal. The sensor's tilted alignment makes the angle of incidence equal to the angle of reflection. The sensor compensates for the radiation intensity of the directly reflected radiation and thus enables high signal quality. These sensors are equipped with a laser of class 1 whose radiated power is at max. 390  $\mu$ W. As this laser radiation does not represent a hazard to the eye, corresponding protective measures are not necessary.

The design is identical to the optoNCDT 1750 standard series and so can even be integrated into restricted installation spaces. A mounting template is included in the scope of supply. The optoNCDT 1750DR sensors feature RTSC real-time surface compensation, which determines the reflectance of the target during ongoing exposure and adjusts it in real time. The laser sensor can be operated using an intuitive web interface. Due to the selectable setting and evaluation possibilities, they meet the requirements for use in industrial applications with high dynamics.



#### Connector (sensor side)

→ ~50 →						
MR	а	b	с	d		
2	1	26.5	25	20 °		
10	5	29	35.5	17.6 °		
20	10	30.9	63.5	11.5 °		

е

16.7

28.3

20.7

32.3

82.6

83.7

91.1 96.2 49.2

58.6 62.6 113.2 128.2 44.3 49.6

49.5

45.6

45.7



Model		ILD1750-2DR	ILD1750-10DR	ILD1750-20DR			
Measuring range		2 mm	10 mm	20 mm			
Start of measuring range		24 mm	30.5 mm	53.5 mm			
Mid of measuring range		25 mm	35.5 mm	63.5 mm			
End of measuring range		26 mm	40.5 mm	73.5 mm			
Measuring rate 1)		continuously adjustable between 0.3 7.5 kHz					
		6 adjustable stages: 7.5 kHz / 5 kHz / 2.5 kHz / 1.25 kHz / 625 Hz / 300 Hz					
Lincority	2 mm           24 mm           25 mm           26 mm           26 mm           26 mm           26 mm           20°           SMR           80 µm           MMR           35 µm           80 µm           1 x H           1 x RS4           1 x RS4	$<\pm1.6\mu{ m m}$	±1.6 μm < ±6 μm < ±12 μm				
Linearity			$<\pm$ 0.08 % FSO				
Repeatability 2)		0.1 <i>µ</i> m	0.4 <i>µ</i> m	0.8 <i>µ</i> m			
Tilt angle		20°	17.6°	11.5°			
	SMR	80 <i>µ</i> m	110 <i>µ</i> m	320 <i>µ</i> m			
Light spot diameter (±10 %)	MMR	35 <i>µ</i> m	50 <i>µ</i> m	45 <i>µ</i> m			
(= 10 /0)	EMR	80 <i>µ</i> m	110 <i>µ</i> m	320 <i>µ</i> m			
Light source		$< \pm 0.08 \% FSO$ $< \pm 0.08 \% FSO$ $0.1 \ \mu m$ $0.8 \ \mu m$ $20^{\circ}$ $17.6^{\circ}$ $11.5^{\circ}$ SMR $80 \ \mu m$ $110 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $MMR$ $35 \ \mu m$ $50 \ \mu m$ $45 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $MMR$ $35 \ \mu m$ $10 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $45 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $10 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $10 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $10 \ \mu m$ $320 \ \mu m$ $110 \ \mu m$ $10 \ M m$ $110 \ \mu m$ $10000 \ h$ $11 \ 30 \ VDC$ $< 3 \ W \ (24 \ V)$ $1 \ x \ HTL/TTL multi-function input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1 \ x \ HS422 \ synchronization input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1 \ x \ HS422 \ synchronization input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in; 1 \ x \ HS422 \ (18 \ bit) / \ PROFINET \ 3 / \ EtherNet/IP \ 3$ $4 \ 20 \ mA \ / 0 \ 5 \ V \ 0 \ 10 \ V \ (16 \ bit, freely scalable within \ the measuring range)$ $2x \ switching \ outputs \ (error \ k \ limit \ value): npn, pnp, push \ pull possible \ for \ simultaneous \ or \ alternating \ measurements$ integrated cable 0.25 m with 14-pin cable \ connector, min. bending radius 30 \ mm \ (fixed \ installation);		ed)			
Laser safety class		Class 1 in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07					
Permissible ambient light		10,000 lx					
Supply voltage			11 30 VDC				
Power consumption		< 3 W (24 V)					
Signal input		1 x HTL/TTL multi-function input: trigger in, slave in, zero setting, mastering, teach-in;					
Digital interface							
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V (16 bit, freely scalable within the measuring range)					
Switching output		2x switching outputs (error & limit value): npn, pnp, push pull					
Synchronization		possible for simultaneous or alternating measurements					
Connection		integrated cable 0.25 m with 14-pin cable connector, min. bending radius 30 mm (fixed installation); optional extension to 3 m / 10 m possible (see accessories for suitable connection cable)					
Assembly		Screw connection via three mounting holes					
Tomporatura rango	Storage	-20 +70 °C (non-condensing)					
Temperature range	Operation	0 +50 °C (non-condensing)					
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)	)	15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes					
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6	6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz					
Protection class (DIN EN 60	)529)	IP65					
Material		Die-cast zinc housing					
Weight		approx. 550 g (incl. pigtail)					
Control and display elements		Select & function keys: interface selections, mastering (zero), teach, presets, quality slider, frequency selection, factory settings; web interface for setup <sup>4</sup> : application-specific presets, peak selection, video signal, freely selectable averaging possibilities, data reduction, setup management; 2 x color LEDs for power / status					
FOO Full Orally Output							

FSO = Full Scale Output
 SMR = Start of measuring range, MR = Mid of measuring range, MR = End of measuring range
 The specified data apply to directly reflecting surfaces
 <sup>1)</sup> Factory setting 5 kHz, modifying the factory setting requires the IF2001/USB converter (see accessories)
 <sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate 5 kHz, median 9
 <sup>3)</sup> Connection via interface module (see accessories)
 <sup>4)</sup> Connection to PC via IF2001/USB (see accessories)

optoNCDTBL

## optoNCDT 2300-2DR

	Measurement of specular surfaces
	Blue Laser Technology (Blue violet laser diode 405 nm)
312Hz 375Hz 1000Hz	Adjustable measuring rate up to 49.14 kHz
INTER FACE	Analog (U/I) / RS422 / Ethernet / EtherCAT / PROFINET / EtherNet/IP
A-RTSC	Advanced Real-Time-Surface-Compensation

#### Blue Laser sensor for direct reflection

The optoNCDT 2300-2DR high precision laser triangulation sensor is designed for highly dynamic measurements on reflective and shiny targets. The sensor can be fixed parallel to the measuring object, which greatly simplifies the installation process. Unlike conventional laser triangulation sensors, the optoNCDT 2300-2DR uses the directly reflected light of the laser. During measurements, the blue laser light is directly reflected by the measuring object onto the receiving optics. Due to the blue laser light, the signal on the receiver element is extremely stable, which means the sensor is able to measure to nanometer resolution. An extremely small laser spot size enables the detection of very small objects.

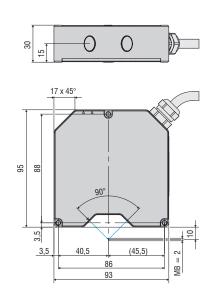
# High speed and precision on reflective, shiny surfaces

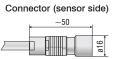
The optoNCDT 2300-2DR offers an adjustable measuring rate up to 49 kHz and so is suitable for dynamic high speed process monitoring. The Advanced Real Time Surface Compensation (A-RTSC) feature is a development of the proven RTSC technology and enables more precise real time surface compensation when measuring onto different surface types.

The sensor is used for production monitoring purposes such as distance measurement of wafers, assembly monitoring of extremely small parts and for distance measurements on annealed glass.

#### Compact and easy to integrate

The entire electronics is integrated in a compact sensor housing which is a worldwide unique feature of this sensor class. Data output is via Ethernet, RS422 or EtherCAT. If the sensor is operated with the C-Box/2A signal processing unit (optional), an analog output is also available. The entire sensor configuration is handled in a user-friendly web interface.







Model		ILD2300-2DR			
Measuring range 1)		2 (1) mm			
Start of measuring range 1)		9 (9) mm			
Mid of measuring range 1)		10 (9.5) mm			
End of measuring range 1)		11 (10) mm			
Measuring rate		7 adjustable stages: 49.14 kHz ²) / 30 kHz / 20 kHz / 10 kHz / 5 kHz / 2.5 kHz / 1.5 kHz			
Linearity		$<\pm0.6\mu{ m m}$			
		< ±0.03 % FSO			
Resolution <sup>3)</sup>		0.03 <i>µ</i> m			
Temperature stability		±0.01 % FSO / K			
	SMR	21.6 x 25 µm			
Light spot diameter (±10 %)	MMR	8.5 x 11 µm			
(±10 %)	EMR	22.4 x 23.7 μm			
Light source		Semiconductor laser <1 mW, 405 nm (blue violet)			
Laser safety class		Class 2 in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07			
Permissible ambient light		10,00040,000 lx			
Supply voltage		11 30 VDC			
Power consumption		< 2 W (24 V)			
Signal input		Laser on/off, sync in, trigger in			
Digital interface		RS422 (16 bit) / Ethernet / EtherCAT / PROFINET 4) / EtherNet/IP 4)			
Analog output 4)		4 20 mA / 0 5 V / 0 10 V / ±5 V / ±10 V			
Synchronization		possible for simultaneous or alternating measurements			
Connection		integrated pigtail 0.25 m with 14-pin cable connector, min. bending radius 30 mm (fixed installation); optional extension to 3 m / 10 m possible (see accessories for suitable connection cable)			
Assembly		Screw connection via three mounting holes			
Tomporatura ranga	Storage	-20 +70 °C (non-condensing)			
Temperature range	Operation	0 +50 °C (non-condensing)			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)		15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz			
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65			
Material		Aluminum housing			
Weight		approx. 400 g (incl. pigtail)			
Control and display elements		Web interface for setup: user management, measurement settings, data output, measurement control, parameters, extras; 2 x color LEDs for Status / Ethernet and EtherCAT			

FSO = Full Scale Output

PSD = PUII Scale Output
 SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range
 The specified data apply to directly reflecting surfaces
 Value in brackets is valid for a measuring rate of 49.14 kHz
 Measuring rate of 49.14 kHz with reduced measuring range (in brackets)

<sup>3)</sup> Measuring rate 20 kHz
 <sup>4)</sup> Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

## **Patented Blue Laser Technology**



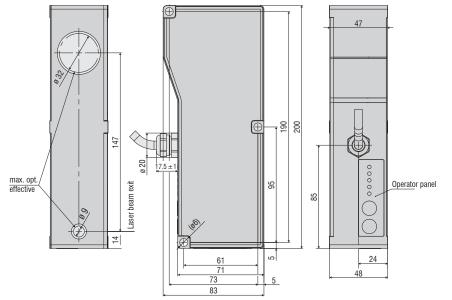
Measurement tasks involving Blue Laser sensors on red-hot glowing objects exceeding 700 °C and transparent objects such as plastics, adhesives and glass are patented by Micro-Epsilon. On these surfaces, the optoNCDT Blue Laser models achieve excellent signal stability and high precision measurement results.

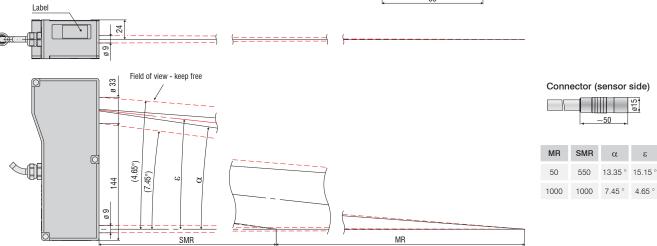
# optoNCDT 1710



The optoNCDT 1710-50 long-range laser sensors are designed for large measurement distances combined with high precision. The optoNCDT 1710-1000 sensors are used for measuring ranges up to 1000 mm. Both series measure distances without contact against a wide variety of material surfaces.

Unlike conventional laser triangulation sensors, long-range sensors measure over a large distance from the target and are therefore better protected against possible collisions. The integrated RTSC enables precise measurements even on changing surfaces.





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Model		ILD1710-50	ILD1710-1000			
Measuring range		50 mm	1000 mm			
Start of measuring range		550 mm	1000 mm			
Mid of measuring range		575 mm	1500 mm			
End of measuring range		600 mm	2000 mm			
Measuring rate		4 adjustable stages: 2.5 kHz / 1.25 kHz / 625 Hz / 312.5 Hz				
Linearity		$< \pm 50 \mu{ m m}$ $< \pm 1000 \mu{ m m}$				
		< ±0.1 % FSO				
Resolution <sup>1)</sup>		7.5 μm 100 μm				
	SMR					
Light spot diameter	MMR	400 x 500 μm	2500 … 5000 μm			
(±10 %)	EMR					
Light source		Semiconductor laser < 1 mW, 670 nm (red)				
Laser safety class		Class 2 in accordance with DIN EN 60825-1: 2015-07				
Permissible ambient light		10,000 lx				
Supply voltage		11 30 VDC				
Max. current consumption		150 mA (24 V)				
Signal input		Zero, laser on/off				
Digital interface		RS422 (14 bit) / USB 2)				
Analog output		4 20 mA / 0 10 V				
Switching output		1 x error / 2 x limit values (configurable)				
Synchronization		possible for simultaneous or alternating measurements				
Connection		integrated pigtail 0.25 m with 14-pin ODU plug, min. bending radius 30 mm (see accessories for suitable connection cable)				
Assembly		Screw connection via three mounting holes				
Tomporatura ranga	Storage	-20 +70 °C (non-condensing)				
Temperature range	Operation	0 +50 °C (non-condensing)				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-29)		15 g / 6 ms in 3 axes				
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz				
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65				
Material		Aluminum housing				
Weight		approx. 800 g (incl. pigtail)				
Control and display elements		Select & function keys: output type, measuring rate, type of averaging, averaging number, error analog, synchronization, operation mode, trigger mode, baud rate, data format; measurement chart via PC using the ILD1700 Tool; 5 x color LEDs for status display				
500 E #0 I O I I						

FSO = Full Scale Output
 SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range
 The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)
 Measuring rate of 2.5 kHz, without averaging
 USB optional via cable PC 1700-3/USB (see accessories)

Precise long-range sensors for large distances 42

## optoNCDT 2310



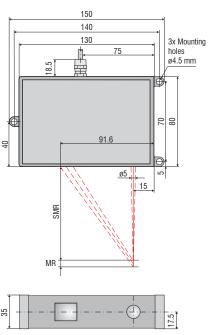
The optoNCDT 2310 long-range laser sensors are designed for large measurement distances combined with high precision.

These sensors measure distances without contact against a wide variety of material surfaces.

Unlike conventional laser triangulation sensors, the long-range sensors have a large measurement distance from the sensors and are therefore better protected against possible collisions. The integrated A-RTSC enables measurements even on rapidly changing surfaces.

The optoNCDT 2310 long-range sensors can be operated via a web interface which offers multiple possibilities in order to process measured values and signals, e.g., peak selection, filter and masking of the video signal.

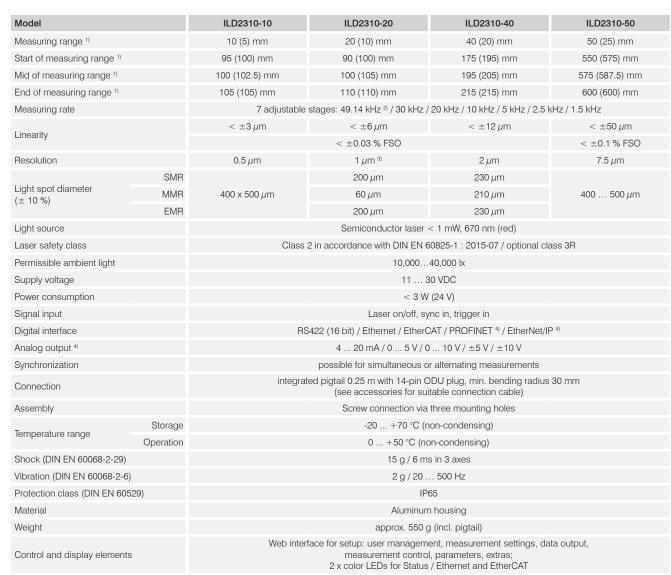
#### optoNCDT 2310-10/2310-20/2310-40



# Window cmos (ø 35.5) ø 30 free Window laser (ø 12.5) ø 5 free ÷ 2 147 14 zа $\frac{61}{23}$ 3x Mounting holes ø6 95 190 195 550 Connector (sensor side) ~50 16 MR 50

(Dimensions in mm, not to scale.)

optoNCDT 2310-50



FSO = Full Scale Output

SMR = Start of measuring range, MMR = Mid of measuring range, EMR = End of measuring range

The specified data apply to white, diffuse reflecting surfaces (Micro-Epsilon reference ceramic for ILD sensors)

<sup>1)</sup> Value in brackets is valid for a measuring rate of 49.14 kHz

<sup>2)</sup> Measuring rate of 49.14 kHz with reduced measuring range (in brackets)

<sup>3)</sup> With 10 kHz, without averaging <sup>4)</sup> Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

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# Accessories for all optoNCDT series

## Power supply

 PS 2020 (power supply 24 V / 2.5 A, input 100 - 240 VAC, output 24 VDC / 2.5 A, mounting onto symmetrical standard rail 35 mm x 7.5 mm, DIN 50022)

## Accessories optoNCDT 1420/1402CL1

#### Supply and output cable (drag-chain suitable)

- PCF1420-1/I (1 m, output 4 ... 20 mA)
- PCF1420-1/I(01) (1 m, output 4...20 mA)
- PCF1420-3/I (3 m, output 4 ... 20 mA)
- PCF1420-6/I (6 m, output 4 ... 20 mA)
- PCF1420-10/I (10 m, output 4 ... 20 mA)
- PCF1420-15/I (15 m, output 4 ... 20 mA)
- PCF1420-3/U (3 m, with integrated resistor, output 1 ... 5 VDC)\*
- PCF1420-6/U (6 m, with integrated resistor, output 1 ... 5 VDC)\*
- PCF1420-10/U (10 m, with integrated resistor, output 1 ... 5 VDC)\*
- PCF1420-15/U (15 m, with integrated resistor, output 1 ... 5 VDC)\*
- PCF1420-3/IF2008 (3 m, interface and supply cable)
- PCF1420-6/IF2008 (6 m, interface and supply cable)
- PCF1420-10/IF2008 (10 m, interface and supply cable)
- PCF1420-3/C-Box (3 m)
- \* on request with output 2 ...10 VDC

#### Supply and output cable, suitable for use with robots

- (available in 90° version)
- PCR1402-3/I (3 m)
- PCR1402-6/I (6 m)
- PCR1402-8/I (8 m)

# Accessories for optoNCDT 1750BL / 1750DR / 1710 / 1710BL

#### Supply and output cable (drag-chain suitable)

- PC1700-3 (3 m)
- PC1700-10 (10 m)
- PC1700-10/IF2008 (10 m, for use with interface card IF2008)
- PC1750-3/C-Box (3 m)
- PC1750-6/C-Box (6 m)
- PC1750-9/C-Box (9 m)
- Supply and output cable (suitable for use with robots)
- PCR1700-5 (5 m)
- PCR1700-10 (10 m)

#### Supply and output cables for temperatures up to 200 °C

- PC1700-3/OE/HT (3 m)
- PC1700-6/OE/HT (6 m)
- PC1700-15/OE/HT (15 m)

#### Protective housing

- SGH model (sizes S and M)
- SGHF model (sizes S and M)
- SGHF-HT model

#### Accessories optoNCDT 1900

#### Supply and output cable (drag-chain suitable)

- PC1900-3/IF2008 Supply/output cable 3 m
- PC1900-6/IF2008 Supply/output cable 6 m
- PC1900-9/IF2008 Supply/output cable 9 m
- PC1900-15/IF2008 Supply/output cable 15 m
- PC1900-3/C-Box Power/output cable 3 m
- PC1900-6/C-Box Power/output cable 6 m
- PC1900-9/C-Box Power/output cable 9 m
- PC1900-15/C-Box Power/output cable 15 m
- PC1900-3/OE Supply/output cable 3 m
- PC1900-6/OE Supply/output cable 6 m
- PC1900-9/OE Supply/output cable 9 m
- PC1900-15/OE Supply/output cable 15 m

## Accessories for optoNCDT 2300/2300LL/2300BL/ 2300-2DR Supply and output cable

- PC2300-0,5Y (connection cable to PC or PLC; for operation a PC2300-3/SUB-D will be required)
- PC2300-3/SUB-D (3 m; for operation a PC2300-0,5Y will be required)
- PC2300-3/IF2008 (interface and supply cable)
- PC2300-3/OE (3 m)
- = PC2300-6/OE (6 m)
- PC2300-9/OE (9 m)
- PC2300-15/OE (15 m)
- PC2300-3/C-Box/RJ45 (3 m)
- \* other cable lengths on request

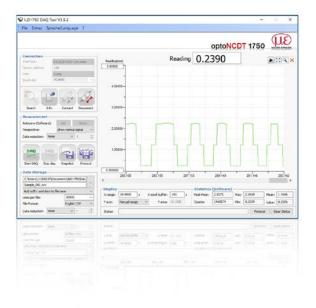
#### Protective housing

- SGH model (sizes S and M)
- SGHF model (sizes S and M)
- SGHF-HT model

#### Supply and output cables for temperatures up to 200 $^\circ \text{C}$

- = PC2300-3/OE/HT (3 m)
- = PC2300-6/OE/HT (6 m)
- = PC2300-9/OE/HT (9 m)
- PC2300-15/OE/HT (15 m)





#### Protective housing for demanding environments

To protect optoNCDT laser sensors in harsh environments, protective housings are available in different designs.

#### SGH model

Completely enclosed housing with an integrated front window, where the sensor measures through the window. The water-resistant housing provides protection against solvents and detergents.

#### SGHF model

With window and compressed-air connection ideal for high ambient temperatures. The integrated air cooling of the housing offers optimum protection for the sensor.

## SGHF-HT model

This water-cooled protective housing with window and compressed-air connection is designed for measurement tasks in ambient temperatures up to 200 °C. Suitable for all long-range sensors optoNCDT 1710

optoNCDT 1750-500 and optoNCDT 1750-750 optoNCDT 2310 optoNCDT 2300 - 200 Maximum ambient temperature 200 °C Maximum temperature of cooling water T(max) = 10 °C Minimum water flow rate Q(min) = 3 liters/min

#### optoNCDT Demo Tool

The scope of supply includes software for easy sensor configuration. The settings can be implemented conveniently via a Windows user interface on the PC. The sensor parameters are transmitted to the sensor via the serial port and can also be saved if required. The software is available as single and multi-channel versions. The sensor is connected to the PC via the sensor cable using a USB converter. [for any ILD sensor]

#### Free download

Download free of charge from www.micro-epsilon.com/download: software, driver and well-documented driver DLL for easy sensor integration in existing or customer software.



SGHx ILD size S (140x140x71 mm) for optoNCDT 1750 / 2300 dimensions 97x75 mm



SGHx ILD size M (140x180x71 mm) for optoNCDT 1750 / 2300 dimensions 150x80 mm

# 46 Interface modules

## optoNCDT

Board	optoNCDT 1220	optoNCDT 1320	optoNCDT 1420	optoNCDT 1710	optoNCDT 1750	optoNCDT 1900	optoNCDT 2300	optoNCDT 2310
C-Box/2A Controller unit for evaluation and signal conversion of up to 2 sensor signals	$\otimes$	0	~	0	~	~	~	~
IF2001/USB RS422/USB converter to transform a digital signal to USB	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
IF2004/USB RS422/USB converter to transform from up to 4 digital signals to USB	0	0	~	~	~	~	~	~
IF2008/ETH Interface module for Ethernet connection for up to 8 sensors	0	0	~	0	~	~	~	~
IF2008PCIE Interface card for multiple sensor signals; analog and digital interfaces	0	0	~	~	~	~	~	~
IF2030/PNET Interface module for Industrial Ethernet connection (PROFINET)	~	~	~	0	~	~	~	~
IF2030/ENETIP Interface module for Industrial Ethernet connection (EtherNet/IP)	✓	~	~	0	~	~	~	~

# C-Box/2A Controller for D/A conversion and evaluation of up to 2 sensor signals

C-Box/2A is used for fast D/A conversion of two digital input signals or for evaluating two digital sensor signals. The controller is compatible with the optoNCDT 1420, 1750 and 2300 models. Handling of the C-Box/2A and of the connected sensors are performed via web interface. Averaging functions, thickness, diameter, step and inclinations can be calculated. The D/A conversion is executed at 16 bit and max. 70 kHz.

#### Special features

- Trigger input
- Multi-function output
- $\blacksquare$  Measurement value output via Ethernet, USB, analog output 4 ... 20 mA / 0 ... 5 V / 0 ... 10 V /  $\pm 5$  V /  $\pm 10$  V (scalable via web interface)
- 2x switching outputs for sensors or C-Box/2A status
- Parallel data output via 3 output interfaces







#### Interface module for Industrial Ethernet connection

The IF2030 interface modules are designed for easy connection of Micro-Epsilon sensors to Ethernet-based fieldbuses, e.g., plant control systems. The PROFINET and Ethernet/IP modules are compatible with sensors that output data via an RS422 or RS485 interface. These modules operate on the sensor side with up to 4 MBd and have two network connections for different network topologies. Installation in control cabinets is via a DIN rail.



#### IF2008PCIe / IF2008E: Interface cardfor synchronous data acquisition

Absolute synchronous data acquisition is a decisive factor for the planarity or thickness measurement using several laser sensors. The IF2008PCle interface card is designed for installation in PCs and enables the synchronous capture of four digital sensor signals and two encoders. The data is stored in a FIFO memory in order to enable resource-saving processing in blocks in the PC. The IF2008E expansion board enables to detect in addition two digital sensor signals, two analog sensor signals and eight I/O signals.

#### Special features

- IF2008PCle basic printed circuit board: 4 digital signals and 2 encoders
- IF2008E expansion board: 2x digital signals, 2x analog signals and 8x I/O signals

### IF2001/USB converter RS422 to USB

The RS422/USB converter transforms digital signals from a laseroptical sensor into a USB data packet. The sensor and the converter are connected via the RS422 interface of the converter. Data output is done via USB interface. The converter loops through further signals and functions such as laser on/off, switch signals and function output. The connected sensors and the converter can be programmed through software.

### IF2004/USB: 4-channel converter from RS422 to USB

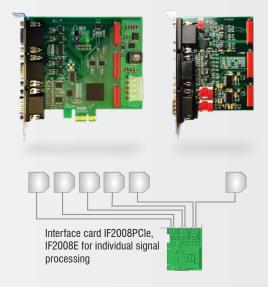
The RS422/USB converter is used for transforming digital signals from up to four optical sensors into USB data signals. The converter has four trigger inputs and a trigger output for connecting additional converters. Data is output via an USB interface. The connected sensors and the converter can be programmed through software.

## Special features

- 4x digital signals via RS422
- 4x trigger inputs, 1x trigger output
- Synchronous data acquisition
- Data output via USB







# Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement, distance and position



Optical micrometers and fiber optics, measuring and test amplifiers



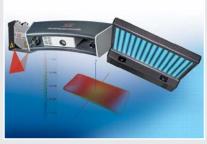
Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and inline color spectrometers



Measuring and inspection systems for metal strips, plastics and rubber



3D measurement technology for dimensional testing and surface inspection

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